## FIRST QUARTER REPORT, 1999

- Continued positive trends for income and margin -

| First quarter | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 | Change, \% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales, SEKm | $\mathbf{2 9 , 0 5 3}$ | 28,567 | 1.7 |
| Operating income, SEKm | $\mathbf{1 , 6 5 6}$ | 1,376 | 20.3 |
| Margin, \% | $\mathbf{5 . 7}$ | 4.8 |  |
| Income after financial items, SEKm | $\mathbf{1 , 3 8 4}$ | 1,060 | 30.6 |
| Income before taxes, SEKm | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 2}$ | 1,075 | 29.5 |
| Net income, SEKm | $\mathbf{9 1 2}$ | 667 | 36.7 |
| Net income per share, SEK ${ }^{\mathbf{1 4}}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 5 0}$ | 1.85 |  |
| Return on equity, \% | $\mathbf{1 4 . 9}$ | 13.0 |  |

1) $5: 1$ stock split in June 1998. Figure for the first quarter of 1998 has been adjusted accordingly.

- Higher sales and income in North America
- Improved income for all business areas
- Restructuring program on track
- Electrolux share to be listed in euro and kronor as of June 7


## Net sales and income

Sales for Electrolux in the first quarter of 1999 amounted to SEK 29,053m as against SEK $28,567 \mathrm{~m}$ last year. This corresponds to an increase of $1.7 \%$, of which $-4.5 \%$ refers to divestments, $+0.8 \%$ to changes in exchange rates, and $+5.4 \%$ to price/mix/volume.

Operating income rose by $20 \%$ to SEK $1,656 \mathrm{~m}(1,376)$, corresponding to $5.7 \%$ (4.8) of sales. Income before taxes rose by $30 \%$ to SEK $1,392 \mathrm{~m}(1,075)$, corresponding to $4.8 \%$ (3.8) of sales, and net income rose by $37 \%$ to SEK 912 m (667), corresponding to SEK 2.50 (1.85) per share.

Changes in exchange-rates during the period had only a marginal effect on income.
All business areas reported higher operating income, with improved margins for Household Appliances and Professional Appliances.

Net sales and income, SEKm

$\longrightarrow$ Net sales
——Operating income, excl. items affecting comparability

- $\boldsymbol{A}$ - Income after financial items, excl. items affecting comparability


## Cash flow

The cash flow generated by the Group's business operations after investments amounted to SEK $-3,699 \mathrm{~m}(-2,658)$, adjusted for exchange-rate effects. The decline is traceable mainly to higher sales volume and a resulting increase in the amount of capital tied up in accounts receivable.

The first and second quarters normally feature a weak cash flow resulting from higher inventories and accounts receivable prior to seasonal increases in sales of such products as room air-conditioners, refrigerators and freezers and outdoor products.

## Equity and net debt/equity ratio

Equity including minority interests rose to SEK $24,864 \mathrm{~m}(21,784)$, which corresponds to SEK 67.90 (59.50) per share.

Equity was lower than at year-end 1998 as a result of the devaluation of the Brazilian real and the strengthening of the Swedish krona, mainly against currencies in the euro block.

The return on equity after taxes was $14.9 \%$ (13.0), and the return on net assets was $16.0 \%$ (13.6).

The definition of net assets has been changed as of 1999, so that they now comprise only assets that generate operating income, i.e. interest-bearing financial receivables amounting to SEK $3,049 \mathrm{~m}$ are excluded. The figure for the previous year has been adjusted accordingly.

Net borrowings declined to SEK $21,166 \mathrm{~m}(22,894)$, and the net/debt equity ratio improved to 0.85 (1.05).

Liquid funds as of March 31, 1999 amounted to SEK 8,872m (9,729).

## Major changes in the Group

## Current restructuring program

The ongoing restructuring program that was launched in June 1997 has proceeded according to plan. The program will be largely completed during the first half of this year.

Between June 1997 and March 31, 1999 a total of 9,974 people have left the Group, of whom about 774 during the first quarter of 1999.

A total of SEK 2,010m has been utilized of the provision of SEK 2,500m that was made for the program during the second quarter of 1997. SEK 190m was utilized during the first quarter of 1999.

A total of 19 plants have been shut down or divested, of which one during the first quarter of 1999. Negotiations regarding shutdowns have been initiated or completed for another two units. A total of 32 warehouses have been shut down, of which two during the first quarter. Decisions have been made regarding the shutdown of an additional six warehouses.

## Acquisitions and divestments

At the end of March 1999 the Group acquired the European operation in the American company McCulloch, which produces light-duty chain saws, trimmers, hedge trimmers and leaf blowers. In 1998 this operation reported sales of USD 81 million (approximately SEK 650m), and had 250 employees. The acquisition gives the Group the right to use the McCulloch brand outside North America. McCulloch's consumer products complement the Group's Husqvarna product range. Substantial synergies can be achieved in both sales and production.

The divestment of AB Lux, the Group's direct-sales operation, has not been completed since the purchaser's financing has not been finalized.

## Listing in euro and kronor

In order to facilitate trading and distribution of Electrolux shares, the Board decided in February to apply for a listing in both euro and kronor on the Stockholm Stock Exchange. This was the first such application by a Swedish company, and the listing will be effective as of June 7, 1999.

## Operations by business area

## Household Appliances

The market for white goods in Western Europe declined somewhat in comparison with the first quarter of 1998. The decrease refers largely to Germany and the UK. The Group's white-goods operation in Europe achieved higher sales volume and improved operating income. Considerably lower deliveries to Russia had an adverse effect on income.

Demand in the US white-goods market was higher than in the same period last year. The Group's American white-goods operation reported continued good sales growth, as well as improved operating income.

The market for white goods in Brazil continued to decline sharply. Group sales were lower and operating income declined.

Overall, operating income and margin for white goods improved in comparison with the first quarter of 1998.

In terms of other operations in Household Appliances, demand for floor care products increased somewhat in Europe and was unchanged in the US. Sales for this product
line were somewhat higher than in the corresponding period last year. Operating income and margin improved considerably on the basis of good performances by both the US and the European operations. Increased demand also led to higher sales volume and improved income for leisure appliances. Sales for the component product line were lower than in the first quarter of 1998, however, and operating income declined.

Total sales for the Household Appliances business area were largely unchanged from the first quarter of 1998. Operating income and margin improved.

## Professional Appliances

Market conditions for food-service equipment improved in comparison with the same period last year. The Group achieved higher sales volume as well as a considerable improvement in operating income. Good growth in sales and income was also reported for food and beverage vending machines.

Sales of laundry equipment declined in comparison with the first quarter of 1998 as a result of lower volume for heavy-duty laundry equipment in the US and the divestment of Senkingwerk. Operating income for this product line was lower, but margin improved. Sales also declined for refrigeration equipment, as a result of a less favorable product mix and lower sales volumes in the ASEAN countries and South America. This product line reported lower operating income.

Sales for Professional Appliances as a whole declined in comparison with the same period last year, while operating income and margin improved.

## Outdoor Products

Demand for professional chain saws was lower, particularly in Europe and Latin America. Husqvarna reported lower sales than in the first quarter of 1998 and operating income declined, although from a high level.

Within garden equipment in Europe, the Group achieved higher sales volume and improved operating income.

Sales of outdoor products in North America rose in comparison with the same period last year. Operating income for the Group's American operation showed a considerable improvement.

Total sales and operating income for Outdoor Products were higher than in the first quarter of 1998, although margin was somewhat lower.

Stockholm, April 27, 1999
Michael Treschow
President and CEO

| Consolidated income | First <br> quarter, <br> statement, SEKm | First <br> quarter, | Full <br> year, |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 | 1998 |
| Net sales | $\mathbf{2 9 , 0 5 3}$ | 28,567 | 117,524 |
| Cost of goods sold | $\mathbf{- 2 1 , 5 5 9}$ | $-21,221$ | $-86,899$ |
| Selling expense | $\mathbf{- 4 , 3 1 4}$ | $-4,424$ | $-18,058$ |
| Administrative expense | $\mathbf{- 1 , 5 4 5}$ | $-1,507$ | $-6,336$ |
| Other operating income/expense | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | -39 | -167 |
| Items affecting comparability | $\mathbf{-}$ | - | 964 |
| Operating income* | $\mathbf{1 , 6 5 6}$ | 1,376 | 7,028 |
| Margin, \% | $\mathbf{5 . 7}$ | 4.8 | 6.0 |
| Financial items, net | $\mathbf{- 2 7 2}$ | -316 | $-1,178$ |
| Income after financial items | $\mathbf{1 , 3 8 4}$ | 1,060 | 5,850 |
| Margin, \% | $\mathbf{4 . 8}$ | 3.7 | 5.0 |
| Minority interests in income before taxes | $\mathbf{8}$ | 15 | 76 |
| Income before taxes | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 2}$ | 1,075 | 5,926 |
| Margin, $\%$ | $\mathbf{4 . 8}$ | 3.8 | 5.0 |
| Taxes | $\mathbf{- 4 8 0}$ | -408 | $-1,951$ |
| Net income | $\mathbf{9 1 2}$ | 667 | 3,975 |
| * Including depreciation in the amount of | $\mathbf{- 9 8 5}$ | $-1,058$ | $-4,125$ |

## Consolidated balance sheet, SEKm

|  | March 31, | March 31, | Full year, |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 | 1998 |
| Fixed assets | $\mathbf{2 6 , 4 7 4}$ | 27,285 | 27,885 |
| Inventories, etc. | $\mathbf{1 7 , 6 5 6}$ | 18,738 | 16,957 |
| Accounts receivable | $\mathbf{2 4 , 7 4 9}$ | 23,904 | 21,859 |
| Other receivables | $\mathbf{5 , 1 7 5}$ | 5,374 | 5,201 |
| Liquid funds | $\mathbf{8 , 8 7 2}$ | 9,729 | 11,387 |
| Total assets | $\mathbf{8 2 , 9 2 6}$ | 85,030 | 83,289 |
| Shareholders' equity | $\mathbf{2 3 , 9 9 1}$ | 20,930 | 24,480 |
| Minority interests | $\mathbf{8 7 3}$ | 854 | 953 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities and provisions | $\mathbf{3 0 , 0 3 8}$ | 32,623 | 29,353 |
| Non-interest-bearing liabilities and provisions | $\mathbf{2 8 , 0 2 4}$ | 30,623 | 28,503 |
| Total equity and liabilities | $\mathbf{8 2 , 9 2 6}$ | 85,030 | 83,289 |

Statement of changes in financial position, SEKm

|  | First quarter, <br> 1999 | First quarter, 1998 | Full year, 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income after financial items | 1,384 | 1,060 | 5,850 |
| Depreciation according to plan | 985 | 1,058 | 4,125 |
| Capital gain/loss included in operating income | - | - | -964 |
| Provision for restructuring, not affecting liquidity | -197 | -316 | -1,122 |
| Taxes paid | -24 | -48 | -2,135 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | -4,619 | -3,703 | -1,056 |
| Cash flow from operations | -2,471 | -1,949 | 4,698 |
| Investments/divestments in operations | -322 |  | 2,105 |
| Capital expenditure | -756 | -711 | -3,756 |
| Other | -150 | 2 | 875 |
| Cash flow from operations and investments | -3,699 | -2,658 | 3,922 |
| Change in short-term loans | 7 | 4,904 | 954 |
| Change in long-term loans | 1,525 | -2,232 | -2,988 |
| Dividend payment | - | - | -915 |
| Change in minority interest | - |  | 6 |
| Total cash flow | -2,167 | 14 | 979 |
| Liquid funds at beginning of year | 11,387 | 9,834 | 9,834 |
| Exchange-rate differences referring to liquid funds | -348 | -119 | 574 |
| Liquid funds on March 31 | 8,872 | 9,729 | 11,387 |
| Total cash flow excl. change in shortterm loans | -2,174 | -4,890 | 25 |
| Net liquid funds at beginning of year | 112 | 46 | 46 |
| Exchange-rate differences referring to net liquidity | -171 | -44 | 41 |
| Net liquid funds on March 31 | -2,233 | -4,888 | 112 |


| Net sales by business area, SEKm | First <br> quarter, | First <br> quarter, | Full year, <br> $r \mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |


| Operating income by business area, | First <br> quarter, | First <br> quarter, | Full year, <br> SEKm |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 |  |


| Key ratios | First <br> quarter, | First <br> quarter, | Full <br> year, |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 1998 | 1998 |
| ${\text { Net income per share, } \text { SEK }^{1)}}^{\text {Return on equity, } \%^{2)}}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 5 0}$ | 1.85 | 10.85 |
| Return on net assets, $\%^{3)}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 9}$ | 13.0 | 19.3 |
| Net debt/equity ratio $^{4)}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 0}$ | 13.6 | 17.6 |
| Capital expenditure, SEKm | $\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$ | 1.05 | 0.71 |
| Average number of employees | $\mathbf{7 5 6}$ | 711 | 3,756 |

1) After a stock split of $5: 1$ in June 1998, the number of shares amounts to 366.2 million. The figure for the first quarter 1998 has been adjusted accordingly.
2) Annualized net income for the year, expressed as a percentage of opening equity.
3) Annualized operating income, expressed as a percentage of average net assets. The definition of net assets has been changed as of 1999 , so that they now comprise only assets that generate operating income, i.e. interest-bearing financial receivables amounting to SEK $3,049 \mathrm{~m}$ are excluded. The figures for the previous year have been adjusted accordingly.
4) Net borrowings, i.e. interest-bearing liabilities less liquid funds, in relation to adjusted equity. The latter is defined as equity including minority interests.

## Quarterly figures



[^0]Net sales by business area, per quarter, SEKm

|  | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{qtr}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{qtr}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | qtr | $4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{qtr}$ | Full year |  |  |  |  |
| Household Appliances | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 , 2 6 6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 20,140 | 21,512 | 21,345 | 21,584 | 84,581 |  |
| Professional Appliances | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 6 3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 2,722 | 2,999 | 2,760 | 3,093 | 11,574 |  |
| Outdoor Products | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 1 5 5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 5,157 | 7,246 | 3,790 | 3,102 | 19,295 |  |

Operating income by business area, per quarter, SEKm

|  |  | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{qtr}$ | $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{qtr}$ | $3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{qtr}$ | $4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{qtr}$ | Full year |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Household Appliances | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 1}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | $\mathbf{5 . 3}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 879 | $813^{1)}$ | 1,057 | 1,316 | 4,065 |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | 4.4 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 4.8 |
| Professional Appliances | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 9}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | $\mathbf{5 . 0}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 103 | 223 | 177 | 220 | 723 |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | 3.8 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 6.2 |
| Outdoor Products | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 4}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | $\mathbf{9 . 3}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | 488 | 751 | 348 | 201 | 1,788 |
|  | Margin, $\%$ | 9.5 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 9.3 |
| Common Group costs | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 0 9}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | -95 | -93 | -122 | -126 | -436 |

1) Including a charge of SEK 175 m in 1998 referring to Brazil and Asia.

[^0]:    1) Exclusive of items affecting comparability, which in 1998 comprised a total net capital gain of SEK 964 m , of which SEK 555 m in the second quarter, SEK 250 m in the third quarter and SEK 159 m in the fourth quarter.
