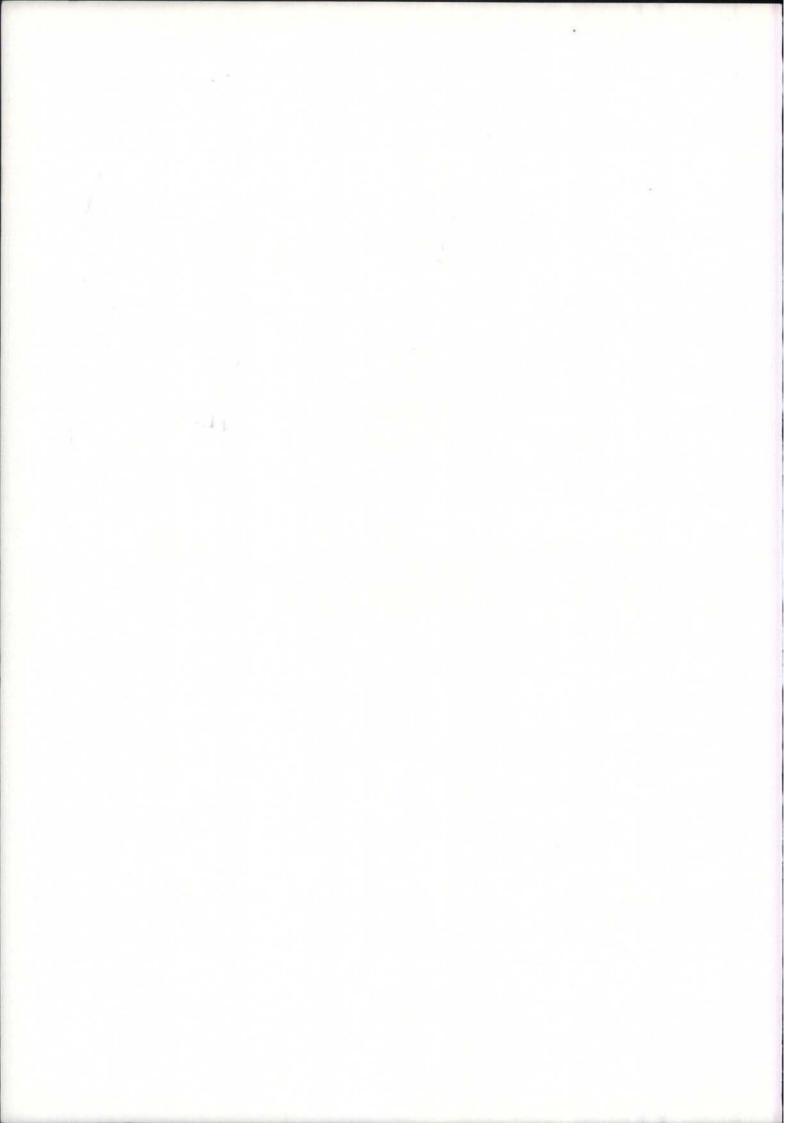


Electrolux

REPORTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS FOR 1967





Electrolux "Future Line" and Elektrohelios "Slim Line" are two new series
of refrigerators and freezers manufactured at the Mariestad factory.
Illustrated on the left are two Electrohelios models in their natural setting
— a combined refrigerator-cooler and
a refrigerator-freezer, both with overhead cabinet. Pictured below are
three Electrolux cabinets showing the
inside of the doors in their distinctive
dark blue colour.



Electrolux model RP 121 refrigerator-cooler with a capacity of 360 litres (12.7 cu.ft.).



Electrolux model TR 70/55 refrigerator-freezer, capacity 380 litres (13.4 cu.ft.).



Electrolux model TF 110 upright freezer, capacity 315 litres (11.1 cu.ft.).





ELECTROLUX

ANNUAL REPORT 1967

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ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting will be held on Monday, May 13, 1968, at 10 a.m. at the Company's offices, Birger Jarlsgatan 6, Stockholm.

Shareholders who wish to participate in the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting should notify the Company's offices in Stockholm thereof not later than Thursday, May 9, 1968, between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

The dividend for 1967 to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting would be paid out as from May 14, 1968, against coupon No. 64 at the Company's offices in Stockholm or at the offices of Skandinaviska Banken or Stockholms Enskilda Bank.

In Great Britain, shareholders may collect the dividend from Baring Brothers & Co. Ltd., 8, Bishopsgate, London, E.C. 2, and in Switzerland from MM. Pictet & Cie, 6, Rue Diday, Geneva.

AKTIEBOLAGET ELECTROLUX

Board of Directors:

Members RAGNAR SUDERBERG, (Chairman), Stockholm

MARCUS WALLENBERG, (Vice Chairman), Stockholm

GUNNAR ENGELLAU, Gothenburg

LORD LUKE OF PAVENHAM, Odell Castle, Bedfordshire, England

ÅKE T. VRETHEM, Djursholm

HANS WERTHEN, (Managing Director), Stockholm

Alternate Members ARNE M. HOFVING, Stocksund

> GUNNAR ARPI, Uppsala SVEN OLVING, Gothenburg

Management: HANS WERTHEN, Managing Director

ARNE M. HOFVING, Deputy Managing Director

GÖSTA BYSTEDT, Deputy Managing Director

HARRY ERIKSSON FOLKE HEIBERT

INGEMAR HELLSTRUM

OWE WERNER

Auditors: ARNE HOLMEN, Chartered Accountant

EBBE RYBECK, Chartered Accountant

SIGURD LOFGREN, Chartered Accountant Deputies

Bruno Svensson, Chartered Accountant



ANNUAL REPORT

SUMMARY

External sales of the Electrolux Group increased in 1967 by $3.4\,^{0}/_{0}$ from SKr. 1,070 million to SKr. 1,106 million.

Sales of Parent Company decreased in 1967 by 4 % from SKr. 405 million to SKr. 389 million.

Profit of Group amounted in 1967 to SKr. 32 million as against SKr. 26.2 million in 1966.

Net profit of Parent Company amounted to SKr. 18.9 million as against SKr. 16 million in 1966.

The Board of Directors propose a dividend of SKr. 8.00 per share.

Report of the directors The Group

GENERAL REVIEW OF THE GROUP

The Electrolux Group initiated major organisational improvements during the year to meet changing market conditions, including rationalisation of Swedish manufacturing arrangements in conjunction with other Scandinavian Companies.

The manufacture and sale of single phase motors by AB Electrolux at its Västervik factory were assigned to Thrige-Titan A/S of Odense, Denmark. The Västervik factory will continue to produce and market commutator motors, including small electric motors for motor vehicles, sewing machines, etc. It was also decided to transfer to Västervik the manufacture of vacuum cleaner motors, which are of the commutator type. Uniformity of engineering processes and production in very long runs will thereby be achieved, which in turn will lower manufacturing costs and improve competitiveness. The transfer of single phase motor manufacture to Odense is to be fully completed by December 31, 1968.

A natural consequence of concentrating motor manufacture at Västervik was for this factory to take over the assembly of vacuum cleaners, which was previously undertaken at the Lilla Essingen factory in Stockholm.

As part of the rationalisation program it has also been decided to transfer production of Assistent kitchen machines and dishwashers from the Lilla Essingen to the Motala factory, where manufacture of a similar type of products is already undertaken.

The production changes at Lilla Essingen will be carried out gradually over a period of several years. The reorganization of activities at this factory, which is centrally located in Stockholm, is influenced by the difficulties of undertaking adequate batch production in that factory. The construction and layout of the premises is unsuitable for installation of an efficient materials handling system to ensure economic and competitive flow production.

In addition, the production of refrigerators at the Electrolux factory in Motala will be successively transferred during the next few years to the factory at Mariestad. The Motala factory will then be utilized for large-scale manufacture of parts and components for Electrolux products, among other things plastic parts.

The Steel Fittings Division at Säffle took over the manufacture and sale of industrial installations from AB E. A. Rosengren, Gothenburg. This acquisition will extend the manufacturing capacity for Electrolux in steel fittings and thereby increase its competitiveness in this market.

A majority shareholding in A/S Elektra, Eidsvoll, Norway, was acquired by Electrolux Industrier A/S (formerly Norsk Elektrohelios A/S), Oslo, Norway, a wholly owned subsidiary of AB Electrolux. As manufacturer of electric ranges, ovens, radiators and similar products, A/S Elektra holds a dominant position in the Norwegian market. Elektra and Electrolux have commenced a technical collaboration, which should result in mutual benefit because of the excellent reputation of the Norwegian industry in the electric heating market and the technical facilities and experience of the Electrolux Group.

To strengthen Scandinavian competitiveness in consumer durables an agreement was made in December 1967 with A/S Atlas of Copenhagen, Denmark, merging the electric household appliance, commercial refrigerator and freezer operations of A/S Atlas with A/S Elektrohelios, Copenhagen, a subsidiary company of Electrolux. In connection with this change A/S Elektrohelios, in which A/S Atlas and J. Lauritzen, Shipowner, also of Copenhagen, hold minority interests, has altered its business name to A/S Scan-Atlas Husholdningsapparater.

As part of the same agreement, AB Electrolux also acquired from A/S Atlas all its shareholdings in A/S Atlas Svenska Försäljnings AB, Malmö, and in Suomen Atlas Talouskonemyynti OY, Helsinki, Finland.

The Danish and Swedish factories affected by this agreement will be enabled to specialize their manufacture with resulting benefits from reduced variety and longer production runs. A compurterized warehouse for spare parts became operative at Solna outside of Stockholm towards the end of the year to handle deliveries of spare parts and accessories for household products within Sweden and overseas.

The activities of Electrolux Swedish Sales Company were subject to major reorganization during the year. Ten of the leading branch offices were restricted to the sale of vacuum cleaners, whilst sales of other products, such as refrigerators, upright freezers, chest-type freezers, washing machines, dishwashers, and Assistent kitchen machines, were transferred to independent distributors. The most important benefit achieved thereby is simplification of branch office administration.

*

The reorganization which began towards the end of 1966 in the British Company, has resulted in substantial savings in personnel and greatly improved profitability.

26-

Group inventories, exclusive of those held by newly affiliated companies and before deduction of general inventory reserves, were reduced by about SKr. 61 million, which has resulted in considerable improvement of the liquidity resources of the Group. Lower rates of currency conversion resulting from devaluations in certain countries reduced inventory valuations by an additional SKr. 11 million.

*

The Electrolux company in Argentina sold its office building in Buenos Aires and bought other premises, which are now being reconditioned and repaired, and which will provide facilities for manufacture of floor polishers, a repair shop, warehouse and offices.

As part of a current programme to simplify and centralize the administration of the Brazilian subsidiary company, the branch office premises in the centre of Rio de Janeiro were reduced substantially.

The Portuguese subsidiary company sold its property in the centre of Lisbon and moved into improved premises of its own at Oeiras on the outskirts of the city.

SALES

For the first time in Electrolux Group history, annual sales of vacuum cleaners and floor polishers exceeded ONE MILLION UNITS. This achievement reaffirmed the Company's position

as one of the world's leading manufacturers of these products. Sixteen subsidiary companies beat their previous records in sales of vacuum cleaners/floor polishers. The biggest increases are reported by the subsidiaires in Australia, Denmark, Italy, Norway, Switzerland, Sweden, Venezuela, and West Germany.

Sales of absorption refrigerators for caravans continued to rise, with a new yearly record achieved in sales to the North American market. Sales of compressor refrigerators in Scandinavia also increased substantially.

Sales of ironers and dishwashers in the Swedish market were much higher than in previous years.

Sales of washing machines and small electric motors increased as had been planned. Electric cookers were subjected to a heavy downward pressure on prices arising from national overproduction of this product.

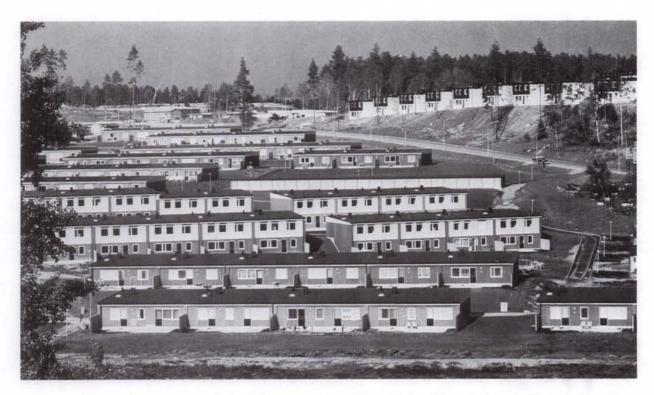
Price competition in Europe remained keen for refrigerators, freezers and washing machines. Low-priced sales of products made in Italy had a particularly severe impact.

Direct factory shipments of the Catering Division to institutional customers increased satisfactorily, while shipments to foreign subsidiaries for resale declined as part of a plan to reduce inventories in subsidiary companies. The Steel Fittings Division had greatly increased sales over the previous year. Shipments of commercial refrigerator and freezer products continued upward.

Group sales amounted to SKr. 1,106 million as against SKr. 1,070 million in 1966, an increase of SKr. 36 million or 3.4 %. Of this total, SKr. 374 million or 33.8 % were for Swedish customers and SKr. 732 million or 66.2 % for foreign customers. The corresponding proportions for 1966 were 33.3 % and 66.7 %, respectively.

Sales by A/S Elektra, in which the Electrolux Group acquired a majority shareholding during 1967, are reflected in the above mentioned total only in respect of the second half of the year. Similarly as A/S Atlas Lundtofte Division was acquired on November 30, 1967, the sales of this division and its two subsidiaries are included only for the month of December.

In respect of subsidiaries in countries which devalued their currencies in 1967, Group sales have been calculated on the basis of the former exchange rates up to and including the month of devaluation, and on the new lower rates as from the subsequent months.



In 1967 Elektrohelios commenced the delivery of equipment for 1,367 link row and terrace houses at Salemstaden, close by the railroad line between Uttran and Rönninge, about 15 miles from the centre

of Stockholm. To each house will be delivered one electric cooker, one refrigerator-freezer, one refrigerator and one laundry drying cabinet.

In the year end Group accounts, however, the rates of exchange ruling on December 31, 1967, have been used. The group sales shown in the Group Profit and Loss Statement have accordingly been reduced by SKr. 40 million as compared with 1966. This difference has, though, been largely offset in the Profit and Loss Statement by the inclusion of sales for the whole

year 1967 in respect of those companies in which Electrolux acquired a majority shareholding in 1966, viz. A/S Elektra, Eidsvoll, A/S Atlas Svenska Försäljnings AB, Malmö, and Suomen Atlas Talouskonemyynti OY, Helsinki. The 1967 Group sales figure calculated in the last mentioned way amounted to SKr. 1,097.8 million.

TERRITORIAL DISTRIBUTION OF SALES

	190		196	0.00	196	500
External sales	SKr. mil	l. 0/0	SKr. mil	l. º/o	SKr. mill	. 0/0
EEC countries Belgium, France, Holland, Italy, Luxemburg, West Germany	211.9	19.2	218.6	20.5	211.9	20.1
EFTA countries ¹) Austria, Denmark, Finland, Great Britain, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland	647.6	58.6	611.7	57.1	609.4	57.7
Latin America, subsidiaries Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico, Peru, Trinidad, Uruguay, Venezuela	86.6	7.8	85.9	8.0	78.2	7.4
Other sales	159.9	14.4	154.1	14.4	156.7	14.8
Total Group sales	1,106.0	100.0	1,070.3	100.0	1,056.2	100.0
1) Whereof Sweden	374	(33.8 %)	356	(33.3 %)	361	(34.2 %)

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Two new refrigerator models in the "Future Line" series which includes refrigerators, freezers, combined refrigerator-freezers, and refrigerator-coolers were introduced during the year. Products in this series are well suited to manufacture by the new highly mechanized productive equipment which was installed during the year in the Mariestad factory. Among the benefits from this equipment is the advanced standardisation of dimension and engineering design principles. Designs have been adapted to the new method of insulation based on polyurethane foam. The "Future Line" satisfies very high criteria of durability and refrigeration performance. The refrigerators are available with fully automatic defrosting systems.

New advances in absorption technology have facilitated the manufacture of refrigerator units with features giving much superior performance than hitherto which has encouraged the Company to intensify technological development in the absorption field.

With the introduction in 1967 of a new absorption model with a capacity of 45 litres (1.6 cubic feet), chiefly designed for sales in Great Britain and the European caravan market, Electrolux now offers a complete series of six caravan refrigerators ranging in capacity from 30 to 180 litres (1.06 to 6.36 cubic feet). Electrolux has thereby consolidated its leading position as refrigerator suppliers to the caravan market.

The Berlin factory began to produce two new open-display wall cabinets, the one 2 metres (6½ feet) long and the other 3 metres (10 feet). They comprise the first units of a new line intended for medium-sized shops, and may be installed either separately or combined to desired lengths.

Also introduced in 1967 was a variant of EH 4000, a fully automatic washing machine marketed by Elektrohelios Sales Company featuring a new design and greater adaptability. A new semi-automatic washing machine was added to the range of machines marketed by Electrolux Swedish Sales Company and Elektrohelios Sales Company.

A new and improved dryer cabinet for home laundry use has been designed with standard dimensions of 60 by 60 cm (2×2 feet) which will be available for marketing during the first half of 1968.

The ironer has been equipped with pneumatic foot-operated controls to replace the earlier electrical controls. Manufacture of the hand-operated ironer was discountinued.

An innovation introduced by Electrolux Swedish Sales Company in the domestic market was a motor-driven nozzle called the ZE1. It is sold as an accessory to the vacuum cleaner.

Under the terms of a contract signed with the Westinghouse Electric International Company of New York, Electrolux is given access to that company's knowledge and experience in the automatic handling of goods in both production and distribution. The benefit from this agreement will ensure that Electrolux remains in the forefront of developments within the field mentioned.

By agreement with Borgs Fabrik AB in Norr-köping, Electrolux acquired in 1967 the exclusive right to sell the Cartrac materials handling system for inventory management in Sweden, Finland, and Norway.

Extensive work was carried on during the year towards reducing the costs of electric cooker manufacture. New versions of cookers and kitchen fans were introduced.

A new line of electric radiators was introduced to the market. Several models are equipped with built-in thermostats and cold draught eliminator.

The Electrolux Catering and Industrial Division which specializes in large-scale catering equipment, sterilization plant and industrial ovens, introduced a number of new products in 1967. Industry was especially receptive to the new series of conveyor-belt dishwashers for institutional kitchens. These machines are built on a modular system which permits adding or deleting of different functions to meet specific customer requirements.

Europe's first major fully automatic plant for the central sterilization of surgical instruments, etc. was installed in the Lund General Hospital. Several countries have sent professional delegations to Lund to study the installation, resulting in many inquiries about central sterilization. The plant in Lund was jointly supplied by Getinge Mekaniska Verkstads AB — a wholly owned subsidiary of Electrolux — the Catering and Industry Division and the Steel Fittings Division at Säffle. The pooling of Group resources enabled Electrolux to handle every phase of this project from drawing-board design to installation.

GROUP ACCOUNTS

The Group Profit and Loss Statement and Balance Sheet, with Notes, will be found on pages 9—13. Further information about Electrolux is given on pages 22—23.

The Parent Company

GENERAL REVIEW

As a result of the efforts to reduce Group inventories, output levels were lower than in 1966 at all Swedish factories with the exception of Västervik.

In connection with the takeover of AB E. A. Rosengren's manufacture of industrial equipment, an extension was built to the Säffle factory which doubled its capacity.

The transfer of vacuum cleaner manufacture to Västervik was accompanied by an agreement with the local authorities, who have agreed to build an adjoining factory with about 5,000 square meters (54,000 square feet) of floor space. This project will be undertaken by Västerviks Industrifastighets Aktiebolag (the Västervik Industrial Property Company).

Work on the new electric cooker factory at Motala, begun in 1966, continued as scheduled. Completion of the factory is expected during the spring of 1968.

The Hammarby factory in Stockholm was sold during the year. Its current production of cookers will be transferred to the new factory at Motala.

Extensions to the refrigerator and freezer factory at Mariestad were completed in the second half of 1967. This new factory is equipped with modern special machinery to shape and weld components for refrigerators and freezers. A new method of assembly and materials handling was introduced. Painting is done by an electrostatic process.

ELECTROLUX CORPORATION, NEW YORK

At the beginning of 1968 the Parent Company sold its entire shareholding (about 38 %) in this firm to Consolidated Foods Corporation of Chicago for a price of 57.6 million US dollars.

SALES

AB Electrolux sales totalled SKr. 389 million as against SKr. 405 million in 1966, a decrease of SKr. 16 million or about 4 %. This reduction reflects the inventory adjustments that were carried out during the year. Exports totalled SKr. 143.8 million as compared with SKr. 157 million in 1966; the respective share of exports to total sales being 37 % and 38.7 %.

RESULT

After provision for taxes amounting to SKr. 4 million (1966 SKr. 7 million), the Parent Company shows a net profit for 1967 of SKr. 18.9 million as against SKr. 16.0 million in 1966. Reference is made to the Profit and Loss Statement and Balance Sheet for AB Electrolux on pages 15—17, which together with the Notes on Parent Company Accounts (pages 19—21) and further information about Electrolux (pages 22—23) comprise part of the Annual Report.

THE ELECTROLUX GROUP

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

	<i>1967</i> SKr. 1,000	<i>1966</i> SKr. 1,000
		record control in the second state of the seco
Net sales	1,097,770	1,070,311
Deduct: Costs		
Manufacturing costs, sales costs, etc	1,029,584	1,008,713
Buildings	4,433 22,570 1,056,587	3,853 20,349 1,032,915
Trading profit (Note 1)	41,183	37,396
Add:		
Dividends from other companies (Note 2)	6,734 2,775	6,740 1,909
Profits from sales of real estate (Note 3)	12,435	5,164
Allocation to Free Reserve in Parent Company	./. 10,000	_
Profits from sales of securities (Note 4)	384	_
Reserve for loan no longer required	928 13,256	1,300 2,994 18,107
Transferred from investment rund (Note 3)	54,439	55,503
Deduct:		14.20 (80) 40.000
Interest paid (Note 6)	10,885	9,950
wance for revaluation gains (Note 7)		1,376
Extraordinary costs (Note 8) Depreciation charged against Investment Fund (Note 5)		3,941
Buildings		2,763
Machinery	928 11,813	231 18,261
	42,626	37,242
Transferred from AB Electrolux Pension Fund of 1952	193	
Profit before appropriations and taxes	42,819	40,056
Appropriations		
Reduction of inventory reserves (Note 9)	12,348	3,659
Profit before taxes	55,167	43,715
Taxes	22,837	17,418
Profit after taxes	32,330	26,297
Deduct: Minority interests	371	141
Group profit for the year	31,959	26,156
	THE RESIDENCE	

THE ELECTRO

ASSETS	As at Dec. 31, 1967 SKr. 1,000	As at Dec. 31, 1966 SKr. 1,000
Current assets		
Liquid assets Cash, bank and post-office balances Promissory note Bills receivable from customers Securities	72,487 5,000 23,427 9,713 110,627	31,330 — 31,803 10,737 73,870
Receivables Customers Miscellaneous	330,086	293,547
Inventory	31,587 361,673 213,611 685,911	23,038 316,585 250,598 641,053
Blocked investment account with Sveriges Riksbank (Bank of Sweden)	2,654	8,654
Fixed Assets		
Miscellaneous receivables (Note 10)	10,744 55,144	3,244 55,144
Deduct: Reserve for depreciation	55,144 60,454 117,756	16,000 39,144 45,736 116,890
New plants under construction (Note 13)	20,302 198,512 264,400	7,228 169,854 212,242
TOTAL ASSETS	952,965	861,949

UX GROUP

BALANCE SHEET

CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES	As at Dec. 31, 1967 SKr. 1,000	As at Dec. 31, 1966 SKr. 1,000
Short-term liabilities		
Bills payable to suppliers	13,271	6,262
Due to suppliers	72,245	60,368
Due to customers	8,657	6,289
Bank loans	54,179	60,301
Miscellaneous (Note 14)	123,574 271,926	107,312 240,532
Taxes payable	38,488	36,138
Long-term liabilities	310,414	276,670
Mortgage loans	27,886	20,938
Debenture loans	30,520 58,406	32,120 53,058
Other long-term liabilities	9,879	
	68,285	53,058
Pension funds	51,351	45,076
Reserve for risk of loss on exchange rates	3,000	3,000
Reserve for unrealized profits in and writing down of		
stocks of subsidiaries (Note 15)	7,742	22,939
Investment funds	18,862	20,776
Minority Interests	3,387	1,699
Capital and surplus		
Share capital of Parent Company	190,000	190,000
Statutory and legal reserves (Note 16)	136,927 326,927	137,773 327,773
Free Reserve etc. in Parent Company (Note 17)	53,000	15,000
Profits brought forward (Note 18)	78,038	69,802
Group profit for the year (Note 18)	31,959	26,156
	489,924	438,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	952,965	861,949
Contingent liabilities (Note 19)	36,287	46,557
Submitted for audit:		

Submitted for audit:

Bruno Svensson

Auditor, authorized by Stockholm's Chamber of Commerce

ARNE HOLMEN

Auditor, authorized by Stockholm's Chamber of Commerce

NOTES ON GROUP ACCOUNTS

General

The Group statements comprise all the companies in which AB Electrolux directly or indirectly owned 50 % or more of the share capital at the year-end. A minority interest existed in three subsidiary companies abroad.

The parent Company's holdings of shares in subsidiary companies have been eliminated against the respective subsidiary company's amount of share capital (par value method).

Final accounts of foreign subsidiaries have been converted into Swedish Kronor mainly at the official rates of exchange of the Swedish commercial banks on December 31, 1967.

Towards the year-end A/S Elektrohelios, now called A/S Scan-Atlas Husholdningsapparater, Copenhagen, Denmark, acquired from A/S Atlas, Copenhagen, its Lundtofte Division. But inasmuch as the valuation of acquired assets and liabilities could not be completed before the Group statements were prepared, only the preliminary figures for A/S Scan-Atlas Husholdningsapparater are included in the final Group accounts.

In 1967 certain modifications of the principals for the consolidation of the Group accounts have been made, these changes being explained in some of the notes below.

Note 1. Trading profit

Changes in inventory reserves and the amount transferred from the AB Electrolux Pension Fund of 1952 are reported separately. The figures for 1966 have been regrouped accordingly.

- Note 2. Dividends from other companies

 The amount shown is for the dividend received from Electrolux Corporation,

 New York.
- Note 3. Profits from sales of real estate

 Included here are profits from the disposal of the Parent Company's factory in Hammarby, Stockholm, the building owned by Electrolux Swedish Sales Company in Kronobergsgatan in Stockholm, and of properties owned by the Argentine and Portuguese subsidiaries. The last-named companies sold their properties when they acquired new premises.
- Note 4. Profits from sales of securities

 The greater part of this amount consists of the profit realized by Electrolux A/S, Copenhagen, from the disposal of various bonds and shares.

- Note 5. Transferred from Investment Fund
 The National Labour Market Board
 authorized AB Electrolux to draw on
 the Reserve for the procurement of
 machinery, which was ordered between May 19 and September 30, 1967,
 and will be delivered before April 1,
 1968. Of the amount provided, the
 Company used SKr. 928,000 during
 1967.
- Note 6. Interest paid

 The increased amount shown for 1967
 as compared with 1966 is mainly due
 to the interest charges incurred in
 respect of the new Group affiliates.
- Note 7. Adjustment of net valuation of subsidiaries abroad due to changed exchange rates

 In accordance with the accounting rules applied as from 1967, adjustments under this heading are no longer reflected in the Profit & Loss Statement. They have instead affected statutory reserves and unappropriated earnings in the Balance Sheet (compare Notes 16 and 18).
- Note 8. Extraordinary costs

 After the Group accounts for 1965 had been closed, two foreign subsidiaries reported additional costs of SKr.

 3.7 million which related to 1965 and were reported for 1966 under the above heading.
- Note 9. Reduction of inventory reserves

 The Parent Company reduced its inventory reserves by SKr. 4.6 million and the Swedish subsidiaries by a net amount of SKr. 6.8 million.
- Note 10. Miscellaneous receivables

 The increase over 1966 is accounted for by loans to property buyers and loans to distributors in connection with reorganization by Electrolux Swedish Sales Company of its branch operations.

Note 11.	Machinery and fittings	SK	r. 1,000
	Net book value, December 31, 1966	JIX	45,736
	Reversal of earlier additional reserve for depreciation less adjustments of book values arising from changed rates of exchange (compare Note 16)	+	12,264
	Acquisitions 1967 (including ma- chinery and equipment in com- panies acquired during the year)	+	28,701
	Depreciation 1967	./.	22,570
	Obsolescence, sales, etc	./.	3,677
	Net book value, December 31, 1967		60,454

In addition to the above, the Parent Company has made acquisitions totalling SKr. 928,000 that have been charged to the Investment Fund.

Note 12. Factory, office and other buildings

	SK	r. 1,000
Net book value, December 31, 1966		116,890
Adjustments arising from changed rates of exchange	./.	4,038
Acquisitions 1967 (including properties of companies acquired		
during the year)	+	15,216
Depreciation 1967	./.	4,433
Obsolescence, sales, etc	./	5,879
Net book value, December 31, 1967		117,756

Note 13. New plants under construction Included here are payments on account

in respect of the electric cooker factory at Motala and extensions to the factory at Säffle.

Note 14. Short-term liabilities, Miscellaneous

Included under this item are reserves for guarantee repairs, accrued holiday payments, wages unpaid at the yearend, personnel taxes, and reserves for severance payments. The increase from the year 1966 is due mainly to similar liabilities in newly affiliated companies.

Note 15. Reserve for unrealized profits, etc.

As at December 31, 1966, SKr. 10.9 million of this reserve represented the difference between the price debited by supplying Group companies and their costs of manufacturing the products which remained unsold by receiving Group companies at the year-end. The remaining SKr. 12 million was the amount written down by the Parent Company below factory cost in respect of subsidiary-held inventories of Swedish-manufactured products.

In 1967 the reserve of SKr. 12 million (taxed), was transferred to Capital under the heading "Free Reserve etc. in Parent Company". Reduction of the remaining part of the reserve arises from reduced inventories held by subsidiaries.

Note 16. Statutory and legal reserves

This item includes the difference between the share capital of subsidiary

companies and the value of these shares in the books of the Parent Company (values in excess of par have been deducted from values below-par).

The Consolidated Balance Sheet has previously included additional depreciation reserves of SKr. 15.5 million for machinery and equipment and SKr. 4 million for bad debts. Since these reserves are no longer considered necessary, they were transferred in 1967 to the Statutory reserves with corresponding increases being made on the asset side (see Note 11). At the same time, however, the Statutory reserves were reduced by SKr. 18 million to allow for the lower rates of exchange used for conversions of share capital (reflecting the decline in below-par values) and the statutory reserves of subsidiaries in countries which devaluated their currencies, principally Great Britain.

Note 17. Free Reserve etc. in Parent Company
Subject to approval at the Annual
General Meeting, the Free Reserve
will be increased to SKr. 25 million
after an appropriation of SKr. 10 million from 1967 profits. Also included
in this item is the reserve (taxed) in
respect of depreciation of shares to
the amount of SKr. 16 million, as well
as the reserve of SKr. 12 million (taxed) in respect of inventories of Swedish manufactured products (see Note
15).

Note 18. Profits brought forward and Group profits for the year

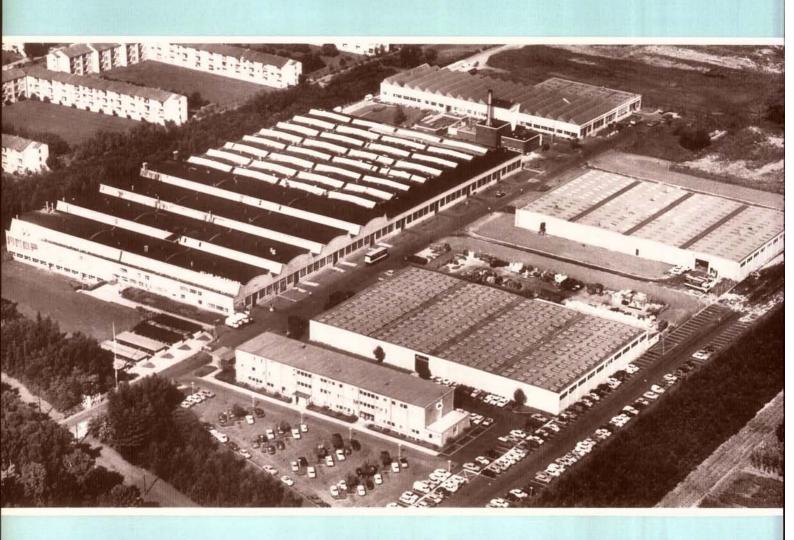
The Group profit for 1967 cannot be compared exactly with the figures for 1966 due to certain modifications in the consolidation of Group accounts.

Unappropriated earnings were reduced by SKr. 4.9 million owing to devaluations.

No provision has been made for taxation in Sweden and/or abroad on unappropriated earnings of foreign subsidiaries which may be transferred to the Parent Company in the form of dividends.

Note 19. Contingent liabilities

The decrease from 1966 is due to a Parent Company commitment relating to instalment contracts having been discontinued.



The A/S Scan-Atlas Husholdningsapparater's factories at Lundtofte on the outskirts of Copenhagen.

AB ELECTROLUX

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

	1967	1966
	SKr. 1,000	SKr. 1,000
Net sales	388,862	405,408
Deduct: Costs		
Manufacturing costs, sales costs, etc. (Note 20)	372,093	388,806
Depreciation of Buildings (Note 21)	2,052	1,848
Machinery and fittings (Note 22)	10,530 384,675	9,620 400,274
Trading profit	4,187	5,134
Add:		
Royalties (Note 20)	4,331	4,633
Dividends received from Subsidiaries (Note 23)	12,069	11,226
Dividends received from other Companies		
(Note 24)	6,734	6,740
Interest received from Subsidiaries	775	779
Other interest received (Note 25)	1,069	694
Profits from sales of real estate (Note 26) Allocation to Free Reserve (Note 43)	10,079 ./. 10,000	5
Profits from sales of shares	140	_
Reserve for loan no longer required		1,300
Transferred from Investment Fund (Note 5)	928 26,125	2,994 28,371
	30,312	33,505
Deduct:		5537.55
Interest paid (Note 25)	3,954	4,590
General administration expenses (Note 27)	7,368	7,167
Depreciation charged against Investment Fund (Note 5)		
Buildings		2,763
Machinery	928 12,250	231 14,751
T I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	18,062	18,754
Transferred from AB Electrolux Pension Fund of 1952	193	2,814
Profit before appropriations and taxes	18,255	21,568
Appropriations		
Reduction of inventory reserves (Note 28)	+ 4,624	+ 4,057
Depreciation of shareholdings in Subsidiaries	- + 4,624	./. 2,577 + 1,480
Profit before taxation	22,879	23,048
Taxes	4,000	7,000
Net profit	18,879	16,048
	Market Barrier	

AB ELE

ASSETS	As at Dec. 31, 1967 SKr. 1,000	As at Dec. 31, 1966 SKr. 1,000
Current Assets		
Cash, bank and post-office balances Promissory note	27,534	14,428
Bills receivable	5,000 9,187 41,721	9,332 23,760
Receivables		
Customers	32,001	31,939
Subsidiaries (Note 29)	82,742	102,892
Miscellaneous (Note 30)	11,649 126,392	2,610 137,441
Inventory (Note 28)	45,227	58,486
	213,340	219,687
Blocked investment account with Sveriges Riksbank (Bank of Sweden, Note 31)	2,516	8,516
bank of Sweden, Note 31)	2,516	8,516
Fixed Assets		
Receivables		
Subsidiaries (Note 32)	48,829	37,931
Miscellaneous (Note 33)	5,470 54,299	1,293 39,224
Shareholdings		
Subsidiaries (Note 34)	97,719	85,004
Other companies (Note 35)	55,144	55,144
Deduct: Reserve for depreciation (Note 36)	152,863	16,000 124,148
Machinery and fittings (Note 37)	21,782	19,206
Factory, office and other buildings (Note 38)	46,882	51,959
New plants under construction (Note 13)	20,302 88,966	7,042 78,207
	296,128	241,579
TOTAL ASSETS	511,984	469,782
Mortages pledged:		
	22 200	27.90/
Mortages on buildings	23,289	27,806 2,300
Foreign bills receivable	29	122
Blocked bank deposits	125	122
District Dalla deposits a construction of the	123	:

ROLUX

SHEET

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	As at Dec. 31, 1967 SKr. 1,000	As at Dec. 31, 1966 SKr. 1,000
Short-term liabilities	SHANE STANDARD	
Due to subsidiaries	1,529	1,644
Due to suppliers	33,876	29,248
Due to customers	783	2,290
Notes payable	211	2,270
Salaries, holiday compensation, taxes withheld	211	
etc	22,171	21,755
Miscellaneous (Note 39)	14,347 72,917	9,639 64,576
Taxes payable	8,924	6,666
1.7	81,841	S-1000/2-00-
Long-term liabilities	01,041	71,242
Due to subsidiaries	2,662	1,302
Mortgage loans	12,194	11,052
Debenture loan	30,520 45,376	32,120 44,474
Pension Funds (Note 40)		
AB Electrolux Pension Fund	8,225	8,225
The Electrolux Group PRI Fund	24,357	19,920
Other pension funds, free	5,025 37,607	5,073 33,218
Reserve for unrealized profit in and writing-down of	82,983	77,692
stocks of subsidiaries abroad (Note 41)	5,746	20,185
Investment Fund (Note 31)	18,562	19,490
Capital and surplus		
Share capital (Note 42)	190,000	190,000
Statutory Reserve	38,000 228,000	38,000 228,000
Free Reserve (Note 43)	25,000	15,000
Taxed reserve for depreciation of shares (Note		
36)	16,000	-
Taxed reserve for writing-down of inventories held by subsidiaries abroad (Note 41)	12,000	
Profits brought forward	12,000	22.125
Profit for the year	22,973	22,125
Tront for the year	18,879 41,852	16,048 38,173
	322,852	281,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES, CAPITAL, AND SURPLUS	511,984	469,782
Profit as per Balance Sheets of Dec. 31, 1966, and Dec. 31, 1965, respectively	38,173	37,325
Deduct: Dividends declared at Annual General Meetings		27,3020
in 1967 and 1966	15,200	15,200
		SAME SECTION AND CO.
n total and a second	<u>22,973</u>	22,125
Contingent liabilities (Note 19)	49,576	63,814
(whereof discounted bills receivable)	(1,516)	(2,382)

SPECIFICATION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

SUBSIDIARIES					
SOBSIDITATES			Par value SKr. 1,000		ook value SKr. 1,000
A/S Atlas Svenska Försäljnings AB, Malmö	2,500	shares	250		_
AB Carex, Stockholm	50	,,	5		5
Centralkassan AB, Stockholm	50	22	5		5
AB Elektro-Apparat, Alingsås	1,000	,,	500		500
Elektro-Helios Fastighets AB, Stockholm	100	,,,	100		100
Elektrohelios Försäljnings AB, Stockholm	5,000	,,,	500		500
Electrolux Svenska Försäljnings AB, Stockholm	60,000	>>	6,000		6,000
Getinge Mek. Verkstads AB, Getinge	600	37	60		3,000
AB Lux, Stockholm	200	>>	20		20
Nordic Pool AB, Stockholm	50	,,	5		5
AB Rebon, Stockholm	1,000	>>	100		100
AB Sollidenverken, Borås	6,500	"	650		650
Verkstads AB Bällsta, Stockholm	15,000	,,	750		750
Försäljnings AB Volta, Stockholm	2,000	,,	200		200
	EN EV		9,145		11,835
Shares in subsidiaries abroad					85,884
(as per special permit not specified in the Annual Report)				SKr	97,719
(as per special permit not special in the simulation special)				OIL.	
OTHER COMPANIES					H. B.
					ook value Kr. 1,000
ADELA Investment Company S.A., Luxembourg	10	shares			515
Electrolux Corporation, New York	1,920,000				54,629
Kalinga Svenska Ltd., Calcutta	3,498	>>			54,027
La Maison de Suede à Paris S.A., Paris	1,200	"			
AB Sukab, Stockholm	1,200	"			for the
Svensk Interkontinental Lufttrafik AB, (S.I.L.A.), Stock-	17	33			
	4 000				
holm C.B. Seesan Seeablalan	4,000	33			
AB Svensk Värmemätning C.B. System, Stockholm	650	22			
Svenska MTM-gruppen AB, Stockholm	1	33			
LV turner condet AM Lelevision XI Le Steeline					
TV-främjandet, AB Television & Co., Stockholm	10	,,		CIZ	55,144

With reference to the Auditors' Report included in the Annual Report, we certify that the above Profit and Loss Statement and Balance Sheet agree with the Company's accounts.

Stockholm in April 1968

Bruno Svensson Auditor, authorized by the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce ARNE HOLMEN

Auditor, authorized by the

Stockholm Chamber of Commerce

NOTES ON PARENT COMPANY ACCOUNTS

Note 20. Manufacturing costs, sales costs, etc.

Included here are expenses incurred for the central laboratories, a portion of which are defrayed by manufacturing subsidiaries abroad. Payments for this purpose were formerly included under Royalties, but as from 1967 they are included under the above heading. The figures for 1966 have been regrouped accordingly.

Note 21. Depreciation of buildings

Factory buildings are depreciated at 3 % per annum based on original cost. For staff housing the rate varies between 0.6 % and 1 % of assessed valuation.

- Note 22. Depreciation of machinery and fittings

 Depreciation is charged at 30 % per annum of the book value. In addition, during the year acquisitions amounting to SKr. 928,000 have been written off against the Investment Fund.
- Note 23. Dividends received from subsidiaries

 The amount recorded includes more than SKr. 4 million from Verkstads AB Bällsta, which in 1966 reported a profit of this amount from the sale of the building in which formerly outboard motors were manufactured.
- Note 24. Dividends received from other companies

The dividend received from Electrolux Corporation, New York, is included under this heading. At the year-end AB Electrolux owned 1,920,000 shares, on which a dividend of 80 cents per share had been declared. U.S. withholding tax of 15 % was deducted from the disbursement.

Note 25. Other interest received

The increase over 1966 is due to improved Company liquidity, which arises from two factors: (1) larger amounts were kept on deposit in interest-bearing bank accounts for part of 1967; and (2) overdrafts were used to a less extent during periods of heavy disbursements.

Note 26. Profits from sales of real estate

The greater part of this amount is attributable to sale of the Company's factory in Hammarby, Stockholm.

Note 27. General administration expenses

These expenses must be seen in relation to the fact that, for an international group of the size of Electrolux, they necessarily include certain expenses incurred for the central administration of subsidiaries. Per contra, the Parent Company earns income from shipments to subsidiaries, as well as dividends and royalties.

Note 28. Reduction of inventory reserves

Reduced inventories have largely been responsible for the releasing of reserves. Reserves were calculated on the basis of 65 % of the gross inventory values, less 5 % for obsolescence.

Note 29. Current Assets: Receivables, subsidiaries

As from 1967 current assets will include trading receivables from subsidiary companies outstanding one year or less. Receivables for longer periods will be shown under "Fixed Assets". The accounts for 1966 have been regrouped correspondingly.

Note 30. Current Assets: Miscellaneous

Reported under this heading are claims for drawback of customs duties from the Swedish Board of Customs, advances to suppliers, payments on account to the Pensions Registration Institute (PRI), amounts owed by employees, and prepaid expenses. The 1967 figure also includes short-term promissory notes received in connection with the sale of real estate.

Note 31. Blocked Investment Account with Bank of Sweden and Investment Fund

Under Article 9 of the Royal Ordinance relating to investment funds, the Swedish Government granted the Company permission to draw on its Investment Fund to finance construction of the electric cooker factory at Motala and extensions to the Säffle factory. The National Labour Market

Board, acting on the strength of the same statute, authorized the Company to use a certain amount of the fund for the procurement of machinery. The sum of SKr. 6 million was accordingly withdrawn from the investment account with the Bank of Sweden. Most of the amount the Company is authorized to transfer from the fund will be posted in the 1968 accounts.

Note 32. Fixed Assets: Receivables, subsidiaries

Reported under this heading are: (1) amounts loaned by the Parent Company to subsidiaries; (2) other receivables which have become long-term in nature; and (3) amounts owed by Swedish real estate companies.

Note 33. Fixed Assets: Receivables, miscellaneous

The increase of SKr. 4 million is attributable to long-term promissory notes received in connection with the sale of real estate.

Note 34. Shareholdings in subsidiaries

Major new entries under this heading include SKr. 7.6 million for newly subscribed shares in A/S Scan-Atlas Husholdningsapparater, Copenhagen, and SKr. 4.9 million representing an increase of the share capital in Electrolux S.A. de C.V., Mexico City.

Note 35. Shareholdings in other companies At the year-end AB Electrolux owned about 38 % of the share capital in Electrolux Corporation, New York, which for 1967 reported sales of US\$ 119.4 million and a net profit of US\$ 10.2 million.

Note 36. Reserve for depreciation of shareholdings The earlier reserve of SKr. 16 million (taxed) was transferred to Capital.

Note 37. Machinery and fittings

Net book value, December 31,	Sk	r. 1,000
1966		19,206
Acquisitions 1967	+	13,106
	./.	10,530
Net book value, December 31,		
1967		21,782

In addition, acquisitions amounting to SKr. 928,000 were charged to the Investment Fund.

Note 38. Factory, office and other buildings

Net book value, December 31,	S	Kr 1,000
1966		51,959
Acquisitions 1967	+	1,593
Book value of real estate sold	./.	4,618
Depreciation 1967	./.	2,052
Net book value, December 31, 1967		46,882

Note 39. Short-term liabilities, Miscellaneous

This entry includes purchase tax, reserves for guarantee repairs, accrued expenses, amortization on mortgage loans and debentures to be paid within one year, and interest on mortgage loans and debentures accrued at the year-end. Also included are loans expected to be transferred in 1968 to present owners of real estate sold. This explains the increase over 1966.

Note 40. Pension Funds

During the year the Company increased its total liability to pension funds by SKr. 4.4 million. Of this amount, SKr. 4.2 million represents allocations and SKr. 200,000 interest accrued. Parent Company liability is equivalent to the pension reserves calculated on actuarial grounds.

Note 41. Reserve for unrealized profits in and writing-down of stocks of subsidiaries abroad

This reserve, which has been reported in the Parent Company's books for many years, consisted (1) of the difference between the price debited by the Parent Company for products delivered to foreign subsidiaries and the manufacturing costs of such products as remained in stock with the subsidiaries at year-end; and (2) of a writing-down by SKr. 12 million of these inventories below the manufacturing cost. The latter part has been taxed. In 1967 the taxed portion of the reserve was transferred to Capital as mentioned in Note 15 on the Group Accounts.

Note 42. Share capital

SKr. 1,000 160,000 A-shares at SKr. 100 . . 16,000 1,740,000 B-shares at SKr. 100 . . 174,000 1,900,000 shares at SKr. 100 . . 190,000

The holder of each A-share is entitled to one vote and of each B-share to 1/1,000 vote.

All shares carry the same right to a share in the Company's assets and profits.

Note 43. Free Reserve

	SKr. 1,000
Balance, January 1, 1967	15,000
Appropriation subject to approval at the 1968 Annual General	
Meeting	10,000
Balance, December 31, 1967	25,000

PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director recommend that the Annual General Meeting approve the appropriation of SKr. 10 million to the Free Reserve, as well as the other allocations reported above. The total earnings available for distribution are as follows:

Balance at the beginning of the year	SKr.	22,972,315
Taxed reserve for depreciation of share-holdings	,,	16,000,000
Taxed reserve for writing-down of in- ventories held by subsidiaries abroad	,,,	12,000,000
Net profit for 1967	"	18,879,424
Total	SKr.	69,851,739
The Board of Directors and the Managing Director recommend the following distribution: Payment of a dividend to shareholders against coupon No. 64 of SKr. 8.00 per share Balance to be carried forward	SKr.	15,200,000 54,651,739
	SKr.	69,851,739

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director take this opportunity to thank all employees of the Electrolux Group for the interest and enthusiasm with which they have discharged their duties during the past year. They also wish to convey their thanks to agents, distributors, and customers in all parts of the world for the confidence they have shown in the Company and its products.

Stockholm, March 20, 1968

RAGNAR SUDERBERG Chairman of the Board

MARCUS WALLENBERG

GUNNAR ENGELLAU

LUKE

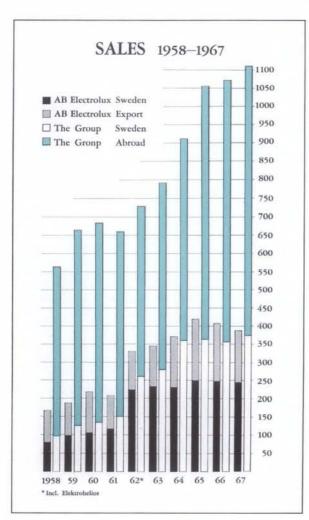
ÅKE T. VRETHEM

HANS WERTHEN
Managing Director

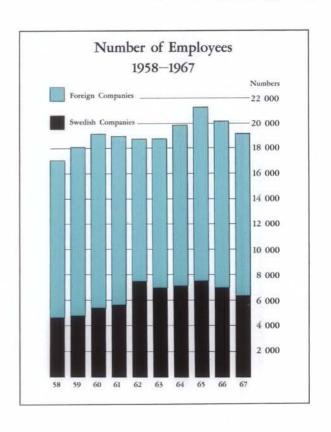
H. Eriksson

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ABOUT ELECTROLUX

Three-year revie	w		1967	1966	1965
The Parent Compan	ay.				
Sales	SKr.	mill.	388.9	405.4	419.9
Net profit	27	33	18.9	16.0	20.1
Balance sheet total		13	512.0	469.8	469.8
No. of employees, annual average			4,611	5,049	5,595
Salaries, wages and remunerations .	SKr.	. mill.	116.2	120.4	118.0
The Group					
Sales	SKr.	mill.	1,106.0	1,070.3	1,056.2
Net Group profit Balance sheet	,,	37	32.0	26.2	35.7
total	33	33	953.0	861.9	857.4
No. of employees, annual average			19,150	20,110	21,409
Salaries, wages and					
remunerations.	SKr.	mill.	334.7	357.7	345.2



Number of employees 1967 1967 1966 (As at (average during Dec. 31) the years) The Parent Company Workers 2,871 2,833 3,188 Others 1,718 1,778 1,861 4,589 4,611 5,049 Swedish subsidiaries Workers 476 588 434 Others 1,153 1,232 1,344 1,587 1,708 1,932 Subsidiaries abroad Workers 4,291 3,815 3,865 Others 8,523 9,016 9,264 12,814 12,831 13,129 Total number of employees in the Electrolux Group Workers 7,596 7,124 7,641 Others 11,394 12,026 12,469



18,990

19,150

20,110

	Salaries,	wages	and	remunerations
--	-----------	-------	-----	---------------

OHS	
1967	1966
SKr. 1,000	
1,405	1,624
56,821	63,330
58,016	55,406
116,242	120,360
202	442
10,384	10,902
34,859	34,946
45,445	46,290
3,757	4,483
44,599	50,924
124,608	135,667
172,964	191,074
5,364	6,549
111,804	125,156
217,483	226,019
334,651	357,724
	1,405 56,821 58,016 116,242 202 10,384 34,859 45,445 3,757 44,599 124,608 172,964

In addition to the salaries, wages and remunerations specified above, the Parent Company and the Swedish Subsidiaries have defrayed social charges for personnel (ATP, PRI, pensions, group life insurance, etc.) in a total amount of approximately SKr. 24.7 million.

Assessed values

At the year-end Parent Company's real estate had an assessed value of SKr. 88.1 million, including a separate value of machinery of SKr. 4.4 million.

Insurance values

Parent Company's buildings SKr. 135.6 million
Parent Company's machinery,
fittings, etc. SKr. 227.1 million

Number of shareholders

At the year-end AB Electrolux had about 14,700 shareholders.

AUDITORS' REPORT

As auditors of Aktiebolaget Electrolux we beg to submit the following Auditors' Report for the year 1967.

We have checked the Annual Report, examined the Accounts, Minutes of Meetings and other documents giving information on the financial position and administration of the Company, and carried out other examinations deemed necessary.

The Accounts have been checked by means of random tests by the Company's internal auditors who have submitted to us reports of their examinations.

The regulations laid down in the Companies' Act relative to the accounting of share-holdings and consolidated accounts have been observed.

The accounts of Aktiebolaget Electrolux Pension Fund, established as per law of June 18, 1937, and administered by the Company's Board, have been examined by us.

During the audit we have found no grounds for adverse criticism of the documents presented to us, the Company's Accounts, the verification of the assets or the administration of the Company.

During previous years taxed reserves totalling SKr. 28 million have been reported in the balance sheet under the headings Shareholdings and Reserve for unrealized profit in and writing-down of stocks of subsidiaries abroad respectively. These reserves have been transferred to unappropriated profits in the year-end accounts. We have no objection to make to this transfer.

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director recommend that SKr. 10 million be appropriated to the Free Reserve in connection with the closing of the accounts, after which this Fund will amount to SKr. 25 million. In addition, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director recommend that the remaining surplus, SKr. 69,851,739:—, be appropriated as follows:

For payment of Dividends to the shareholders	SKr.	15,200,000
Balance of Surplus to be carried forward	SKr.	54,651,739
	SKr.	69,851,739

This proposal is not at variance with the regulations of the Companies' Act in respect of appropriation to Reserve Funds or with good commercial practice with regard to the position of the Group and to the result of its activity.

We recommend

that the Balance Sheet as at December 31, 1967, included in the Annual Report and signed by us be approved

that the available Surplus be allocated in accordance with the above proposal, and

that the Board of Directors and the Managing Director be granted discharge for the past financial year's administration.

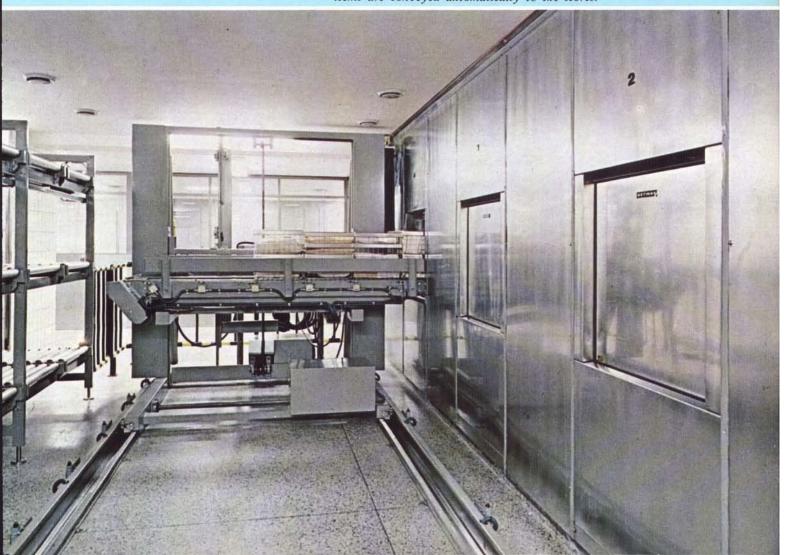
Stockholm in April 1968

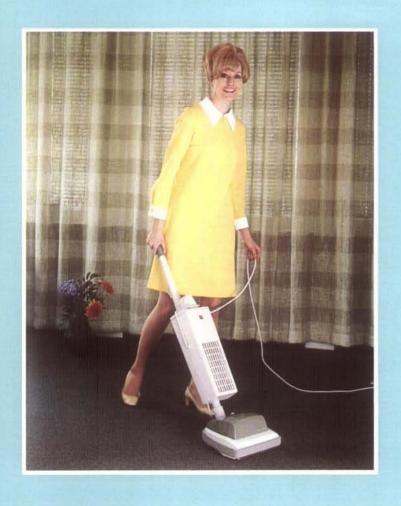
Bruno Svensson Auditor, authorized by Stockholm's Chamber of Commerce ARNE HOLMEN
Auditor, authorized by
Stockholm's Chamber of Commerce



1967 was a busy year for the Catering Division. Shown above is a complete installation for the Skandia Group's new staff dining room at Hötorgscity in Stockholm.

An entire central sterilising plant for the Lund General Hospital with fully-automatic sterilisation was developed, planned, manufactured and installed under the direction of Electrolux. Illustrated below are the exit doors of the autoclaves from which the sterilised items are conveyed automatically to the stores.





A new upright vacum cleaner was introduced during 1967 by the Electrolux factory in Luton, England. Designated the Z 152, it has made a successful debut in Great Britain and several Continental countries.

An automatic version of the Electrolux D 10 dishwashing machine is now available, designated the D 100. This new machine pre-rinses, washes and rinses the dishes in 11 minutes and then switches itself off.





